

ATUL POLYMERS PRODUCTS LIMITED

Directors' Report

Dear Members,

The Board of Directors (Board) presents the annual report of Atul Polymers Products Ltd together with the audited Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2025.

01. Financial results

(₹'000)

	2024-25	2023-24
Revenue from operations	-	-
Other income	35.98	49.37
Total revenue	35.98	49.37
Profit before tax	19.82	31.21
Tax	12.84	-
Profit for the year	6.98	31.21

02. Performance

The Company does not have any operational income. The other income generated during the year is mainly attributable to the income from investments of the Company.

03. Dividend

The Board does not recommend any dividend on the equity shares for the financial year ended March 31, 2025.

04. Conservation of energy, technology absorption, foreign exchange earnings and outgo

Information required under Section 134 (3)(m) of the Companies Act, 2013 (the Act), read with Rule 8(3) of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014, as amended from time to time, forms a part of this Report which is given as the Annexure.

05. Insurance

At present the Company does not have assets and inventories hence insuring the risks is not required

06. Risk Management

The Company has identified risks and a mitigation plan for the same is in place.

07. Internal Financial Controls

The Management assessed the effectiveness of the Internal Financial Controls over financial reporting as of March 31, 2025, and the Board believes that the controls are adequate.

08. Fixed deposits

During 2024-25, the Company did not accept any fixed deposits.

09. Prevention of Sexual Harassment of Women at Workplace

Pursuant to the Sexual Harassment of Women at Workplace (Prevention, Prohibition and Redressal) Act, 2013 and the Sexual Harassment of Women at Workplace (Prevention, Prohibition and Redressal) Rules, 2013, the Company framed a Policy on Prevention of Sexual Harassment of Women at Workplace and constituted Internal Complaints Committee. No complaint was received during 2024-25.

10. Loans, guarantees, investments and security

During 2024-25, the Company did not give any loans, provide guarantees or make investments.

11. Subsidiary, associate and joint venture company

The Company does not have subsidiary, associate and joint venture entities.

12. Related Party Transactions

All the transactions entered into with the Related Parties were in ordinary course of business and on arm's length basis. Details of such transactions are given at note number 12. No transactions were entered into by the Company which required disclosure in Form AOC-2.

13. Corporate Social Responsibility

The provision of Section 135 of the Act are not applicable to the Company.

14. Annual Return

Annual Return for 2024-25 is available for inspection at the registered office of the Company for inspection.

15. Auditors

Bhadresh K Mehta & Co were appointed as the Statutory auditors of the company at the 12th Annual General Meeting (AGM) until the conclusion of the 16th AGM.

The Auditors' Report for the financial year ended March 31, 2025 does not contain any qualification, reservation or adverse remark. The report is enclosed with the Financial Statements.

16. Directors' responsibility statement

Pursuant to Section 134(5) of the Act, the Directors confirm that, to the best of their knowledge and belief:

16.1 In preparation of the financial statement for the financial year ended March 31, 2025, the applicable accounting standards were followed and there are no material departures.

16.2 The Accounting Policies were selected and applied consistently and judgements and estimates were made that were reasonable and prudent so as to give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Company at the end of the financial year and of the profit and

- loss of the Company for that period.
- 16.3 Proper and sufficient care was taken for the maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of this Act for safeguarding the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting fraud and other irregularities.
- 16.4 The attached annual accounts for the year ended March 31, 2025 were prepared on a going concern basis.
- 16.5 Adequate Internal Financial Controls to be followed by the Company were laid down; and same were adequate and operating effectively.
- 16.6 Proper systems were devised to ensure compliance with the provisions of all applicable laws and the same were adequate and operating effectively.
- 17. Directors**
- 17.1 Appointments | Reappointments | Cessations
- 17.1.1 According to the Articles of Association of the Company, Mr Apurva Dutta retires by rotation and being eligible offers himself for reappointment at the forthcoming AGM.
- 17.2 Policies on appointment and remuneration
- The Company will formulate policy on remuneration of Directors as and when it starts paying remuneration to the Directors.

- The Company appoints directors in accordance with the applicable provisions of the Companies Act, 2013.
- 18. Key Managerial Personnel and other employees**
- The provision of section 203 of the Companies Act, 2013 are not applicable to the Company.
- 19. Board Meetings and Secretarial standards**
- The Board met five times during 2024-25. Secretarial standards as applicable to the Company were followed and complied with.
- 20. Analysis of remuneration**
- There is no employee who falls within the criteria provided in Sections 134(3)(q) and 197(12) of the Act read with Rule 5 of the Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules, 2014.
- 21. Acknowledgements**
- The Board expresses its sincere thanks to all the stakeholders, regulatory and Government authorities for their support.

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

Atul	Rohit Joshi	Apurva Dutta
April 08, 2025	Director	Director
	DIN: 09442323	DIN: 00115707

Annexure to the Directors' Report

- 1. Conservation of energy, technology absorption and foreign exchange earnings and outgo**
- 1.1 Conservation of energy
- 1.1.1 Measures taken- nil
- 1.2 Technology absorption- No major steps were taken during the current year.
- 1.3 Total foreign exchange used and earned- nil

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Members of Atul Polymers Products Limited Report on the Audit of the Standalone Ind AS Financial Statements

Opinion

We have audited the accompanying Standalone Ind AS financial statements of Atul Polymers Products Limited ("the Company"), which comprise the Balance sheet as at March 31, 2025, and the Statement of Profit and Loss (including Other Comprehensive Income), Statement of changes in equity and Statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the aforesaid standalone Ind AS financial statements give the information required by the Act in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, of the state of affairs of the Company as at March 31, 2025, and its Profit, changes in equity and its cash flows for the year ended on that date.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with the Standards on Auditing (SAs) specified under section 143(10) of the Companies Act, 2013. Our responsibilities under those Standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Standalone Ind AS Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the Code of Ethics issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the Standalone Ind AS financial statements under the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 and the Rules thereunder, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the Code of Ethics. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Information Other than the Financial Statements and Auditor's Report Thereon

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the preparation of the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the, Board's Report including annexures to Board's Report but does not include the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon;

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information identified above and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained during the course of our audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information; we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Management's Responsibility for the Standalone Ind AS Financial Statements

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the matters stated in section 134(5) of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") with respect to the preparation of these

standalone Ind AS financial statements that give a true and fair view of the financial position, financial performance, changes in equity and cash flows of the Company in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, including the accounting Standards specified under section 133 of the Act. This responsibility also includes maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding of the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate Accounting Policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and design, implementation and maintenance of accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the Standalone Ind AS financial statement that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the Standalone Ind AS financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting.

Those Board of Directors is also responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Standalone Ind AS Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the Standalone Ind AS financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with SAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these Standalone Ind AS financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with SAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control;
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances. Under section 143(3)(i) of the Companies Act, 2013, we are also responsible for expressing our opinion on whether the company has adequate internal financial controls system in place and the operating effectiveness of such controls;

- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management;
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern;
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation;

Materiality is the magnitude of misstatements in the financial statements that, individually or in aggregate, makes it probable that the economic decisions of a reasonably knowledgeable user of the financial statements may be influenced. We consider quantitative materiality and qualitative factors in (i) planning the scope of our audit work and in evaluating the results of our work; and (ii) to evaluate the effect of any identified misstatements in the financial statements.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

As required by the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2020 ("the Order"), issued by the Central Government of India in terms of sub-section (11) of section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013, we give in the Annexure B a statement on the matters specified in paragraphs 3 and 4 of the Order, to the extent applicable.

As required by Section 143(3) of the Act, we report that:

- a) We have sought and obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purposes of our audit.
- b) In our opinion, proper books of account as required by law have been kept by the Company so far as it appears from our examination of those books.
- c) The Balance Sheet, the Statement of Profit and Loss, and the Cash Flow Statement dealt with by this Report are in agreement with the books of account.

- d) In our opinion, the aforesaid Standalone Ind AS financial statements comply with the Accounting Standards specified under Section 133 of the Act, read with Rule 7 of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014.
- e) On the basis of the written representations received from the directors as on March 31, 2025 taken on record by the Board of Directors, none of the directors is disqualified as on March 31, 2025 from being appointed as a director in terms of Section 164 (2) of the Act.
- f) With respect to the adequacy of the internal financial controls over financial reporting of the Company and the operating effectiveness of such controls, refer to our separate Report in "Annexure A".
- g) With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with Rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014, in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us:
 - i. The Company has no pending litigations on March 31, 2025;
 - ii. The Company did not have any long-term contracts including derivative contracts for which there were any material foreseeable losses.
 - iii. There were no amounts required to be transferred , to the Investor Education and Protection Fund by the Company.

iv.

- i. The Management has represented that, to the best of it's knowledge and belief, no funds have been advanced or loaned or invested (either from borrowed funds or share premium or any other sources or kind of funds) by the Company to or in any other person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities ("Intermediaries"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Intermediary shall, whether, directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the company ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries;
- ii. The Management has represented, that, to the best of it's knowledge and belief, no funds have been received by the company from any person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities ("Funding Parties"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Company shall, whether, directly or indirectly, lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Funding Party ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries; and
- iii. Based on such audit procedures that we have considered reasonable and appropriate in the circumstances, nothing has come to our notice that has caused us to believe that the representations under sub-clause (i) and (ii) contain any material misstatement.
- iv. There is no dividend declared or paid during the year by the Company.

Based on our examination, which included test checks, the Company has used an accounting software for maintaining its books of account for the financial year ended March 31, 2025, wherein the audit trail feature was enabled and operated throughout the year for all relevant transactions recorded in the software. Further, during the course of our audit we did not come across any instance of the audit trail

feature being tampered with in respect of accounting software for the year.

As proviso to Rule 3(1) of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014, reporting under Rule 11 (g) of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014 on preservation of audit trail as per the statutory requirements for record retention, the audit trail has been preserved by the company as per the statutory requirements for record retention for the financial year ended March 31, 2025.

**For M/s Bhadresh K Mehta & Co,
Chartered Accountants**

**C.A. Bhadresh K Mehta,
Proprietor
Mno: 039858
FRN: 145205W
UDIN: 25039858BMOUHL3903
Date: 08/04/2025
Place: Vadodara**

Annexure A to the Independent Auditor's Report

Referred to in paragraph 7(f) under 'Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements' section of our report of even date.

Report on the Internal Financial Controls over financial reporting under Clause (i) of Sub-section 3 of Section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013 (the Act)

01. We have audited the Internal Financial Controls over financial reporting of Atul Polymers Products limited (the Company) as of March 31, 2025 in conjunction with our audit of the Standalone Ind AS Financial Statements of the Company for the year ended on that date.

Management's responsibility for Internal Financial Controls

02. The Management of the Company is responsible for establishing and maintaining Internal Financial Controls based on the internal controls over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls over financial reporting (the Guidance Note) issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India. These responsibilities include the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate Internal Financial Controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of its business, including adherence to the policies of the Company, the safeguarding of its assets, the prevention and detection of frauds and errors, the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, and the timely preparation of reliable financial information, as required under the Companies Act, 2013.

Auditor's responsibility

03. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Internal Financial Controls of the Company over financial reporting based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Guidance Note issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India and the Standards on Auditing prescribed under Section 143(10) of the Companies Act, 2013, to the extent applicable to an audit of Internal Financial Controls. These Standards and the Guidance Note require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether adequate Internal Financial Controls over financial reporting was established and maintained and if such controls operated effectively in all material respects.
04. Our audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the adequacy of the Internal Financial Controls system over financial reporting and their operating effectiveness. Our audit of Internal Financial Controls over financial reporting included obtaining an understanding of Internal Financial Controls over financial reporting, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk. The procedures selected depend on the Auditor's judgement, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the Financial Statements, whether due to fraud or error.
05. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the Internal Financial Controls system over financial reporting of the Company.

Meaning of Internal Financial Control over financial reporting

06. The Internal Financial Control over financial reporting of a company is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of Financial Statements for external purposes in accordance with Generally Accepted Accounting Principles. Internal Financial Control over financial reporting of a Company includes those policies and procedures that
- (1) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the Company;
 - (2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of Financial Statements in accordance with Generally Accepted Accounting Principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the Company are being made only in accordance with authorisations of Management and Directors of the Company; and
 - (3) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorised acquisition, use, or disposition of the assets of the Company that could have a material effect on the Financial Statements.

Inherent limitations of Internal Financial Control over financial reporting

07. Because of the inherent limitations of Internal Financial Controls over financial reporting, including the possibility of collusion or improper management override of controls, material misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projections of any evaluation of the internal Financial Controls over financial reporting to future periods are subject to the risk that the Internal Financial Control over financial reporting may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

Opinion

08. In our opinion, to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the Company has, in all material respects, an adequate Internal Financial Controls system over financial reporting and such Internal Financial Controls over financial reporting were operating effectively as at March 31, 2025, based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India.

**For M/s Bhadresh K Mehta & Co,
Chartered Accountants**

**C.A. Bhadresh K Mehta,
Proprietor
Mno: 039858
FRN: 145205W
UDIN: 25039858BMOUHL3903
Date: 08/04/2025
Place: Vadodara**

Annexure B to Independent Auditors' Report:

Referred to in paragraph of the Independent Auditors' Report of the even date to the members of Atul Polymers Products Limited for the year ended March 31, 2025.

- i. The company does not have any fixed assets and hence reporting under clause (i)(a to d) of the CARO 2020 is not applicable.
- ii. The Company does not hold any inventory, therefore Clause (ii)(a and b) of the Order is not applicable.
- iii. The Company has not made investments in, provided guarantee or security and granted loans or advances in the nature of loans, secured or unsecured, to companies, firms, Limited Liability Partnerships or any other parties during the year.
- iv. According to the information and explanations given to us, The Company has not accepted any deposit or amounts which are deemed to be deposits. Hence, reporting under clause (iv) of the Order is not applicable.
- v. The Central Government has not prescribed maintenance of Cost Records under Section 148(1) of the companies Act, 2013.
- vi. (a) According to the information and explanations given to us and the records of the Company examined by us, in our opinion, the Company is regular in depositing undisputed statutory dues including Income tax, Sales tax, wealth tax, service tax, duty of Customs, duty of Excise, value added tax, cess, GST and other statutory Dues as applicable with the appropriate authorities.

(b) According to the explanation given to us there are no arrears of statutory dues which have remained outstanding at the last date of financial year, for a period of more than six month from the date they became payable;

(c) According to the information and explanation given to us, there are no dues of sales tax, income tax, duty of customs, wealth tax, service tax, duty of excise, value added tax, GST or cess which have not been deposited on account of any dispute.
- vii. According to the record of the Company there are no transactions relating to previously unrecorded income that were surrendered or disclosed as income in the tax assessments under Income Tax Act, 1961 (43 of 1961) during the year.

- viii. The Company has not taken any loans or other borrowings from any lender. Hence reporting under clause (viii) of the order is not applicable to the Company.
- ix. (a) The Company has not issued any of its securities (including debt instruments) during the year hence reporting under clause (ix) of the order is not applicable.
- (b) The Company has not made preferential allotment or private placement (retain as applicable) of shares during the year.
- x. (a) To the best of our knowledge, no fraud by the Company and no material fraud on the Company has been noticed or reported during the year.
- (b) To the best of our knowledge, no report under sub-section (12) of section 143 of the Companies Act has been filed in Form ADT-4 as prescribed under rule 13 of Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014 with the Central Government, during the year and upto the date of this report.
- (c) As represented to us by the Management, there were no whistle blower complaints received by the Company during the year.
- xi. The Company is not a Nidhi Company therefore the clause (xi) of the Order is not applicable.
- xii. All the transactions with the related parties are in compliance with Section 177 and 188 of Companies Act, 2013 where applicable and the details have been disclosed in the Financial Statements etc as required by the accounting standards and Companies Act, 2013.
- xiii. (a) In our opinion the Company has an adequate internal audit system commensurate with the size and the nature of its business.
- (b) We have considered, the internal audit reports issued to the Company during the year.
- xiv. In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, during the year the Company has not entered into any non-cash transactions with its directors or directors of the holding, subsidiary or associate company or persons connected with them and hence provisions of section 192 of the Act are not applicable.
- xv. The Company is not required to be registered under section 45-IA of the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934. Accordingly, the provisions of Clause (xv)(a), (b) and (c) of the Order are not applicable to the Company.
- xvi. The Company has not incurred cash losses during the financial year covered by our audit and the immediately preceding financial year.
- xvii. There has been no resignation of the statutory auditor of the Company during the year
- xviii. On the basis of the financial ratios, ageing and expected dates of realization of financial assets and payment of financial liabilities, (Asset Liability Maturity (ALM) pattern) other information accompanying the financial statements and our knowledge of the Board of Directors and Management plans and based on our examination of the evidence supporting the assumptions, nothing has come to our attention, which causes us to believe that any material uncertainty exist as on the date of the audit report indicating that Company is not capable of meeting its liabilities existing at the date of balance sheet as and when they fall

due within a period of one year from the balance sheet date. We, however, state that this is not an assurance as to the future viability of the Company. We further state that our reporting is based on the facts up to the date of the audit report and we neither give any guarantee nor any assurance that all liabilities falling due within a period of one year from the balance sheet date, will get discharged by the Company as and when they fall due.

- xix. The Company was not having net worth of rupees five hundred crore or more or turnover of rupees one thousand Crore or more or a net profit of rupees five crore or more during the immediately preceding financial year and hence, provisions of section 135 of the act are not applicable to the company during the year. Accordingly, reporting under clause(xix)(a) & (b) of the order is not applicable for the year.
- xx. Since the company is not a holding company, no consolidated financial statements are prepared hence the reporting under clause (xx) is not applicable.

**For M/s Bhadresh K Mehta & Co,
Chartered Accountants**

**C.A. Bhadresh K Mehta,
Proprietor
Mno: 039858
FRN: 145205W
UDIN: 25039858BMOUHL3903
Date: 08/04/2025
Place: Vadodara**

Atul Polymers Products Ltd

Balance Sheet as at March 31, 2025

(₹ 000)

Particulars	Note	As at March 31, 2025	As at March 31, 2024
A ASSETS			
1. Current assets			
a) Financial assets			
i) Trade receivables	2	531.73	531.73
ii) Cash and cash equivalents	3	40.54	20.18
iii) Bank balances other than cash and cash equivalents above	4	739.76	248.15
iv) Other financial assets	5	12.61	12.61
Total current assets		1,324.64	812.67
Total assets		1,324.64	812.67
B EQUITY AND LIABILITIES			
Equity			
a) Equity share capital	6	1,000.00	500.00
b) Other equity	7	(255.08)	(262.06)
Total equity		744.92	237.94
Liabilities			
1. Non-current liabilities			
a) Financial liabilities			
i) Other financial liabilities	8	30.00	30.00
Total non-current liabilities		30.00	30.00
2. Current liabilities			
a) Financial liabilities			
i) Trade payables			
a) Micro-enterprises and small enterprises	9	-	-
b) Creditors other than micro-enterprises and small enterprises		544.73	544.73
b) Current tax liabilities (net)		4.99	-
Total current liabilities		549.72	544.73
Total liabilities		579.72	574.73
Total equity and liabilities		1,324.64	812.67

The accompanying Notes 1-12 form an integral part of the Financial Statements.

As per our attached report of even date

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

For Bhadresh K. Mehta & Co.
Firm Registration Number: 0145205W
Chartered Accountants

Director

Bhadresh K Mehta
Proprietor
Membership No. 039858

Director

Atul
April 08, 2025

Atul
April 08, 2025

Atul Polymers Products Ltd

Statement of Profit and Loss for the year ended on March 31, 2025

(₹ 000)

Particulars	Note	2024-25	2023-24
Revenue			
Other income	10	35.98	49.37
Total Income		35.98	49.37
Expenses			
Other expenses	11	16.16	18.16
Total expenses		16.16	18.16
Profit before tax		19.82	31.21
Tax expense			
Current tax		12.84	-
Total tax expense		12.84	-
Profit for the year		6.98	31.21
Other comprehensive income			
A) Items that will not be reclassified to profit and loss		-	-
B) Items that will be reclassified to profit and loss		-	-
Total comprehensive income		6.98	31.21
Basic earning ₹	12.2	0.07	0.62
Diluted earning ₹	12.2	0.07	0.62
The accompanying Notes 1-12 form an integral part of the Financial Statements.			

As per our attached report of even date

For Bhadresh K. Mehta & Co.

Firm Registration Number: 0145205W

Chartered Accountants

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

Director

Bhadresh K Mehta

Proprietor

Membership No. 039858

Director

Atul

April 08, 2025

Atul
April 08, 2025

Atul Polymers Products Ltd

Statement of Cash Flows for the year ended on March 31, 2025

(₹ 000)

Particulars	2024-25	2023-24
A. Cash flow from operating activities		
Profit before tax	19.82	31.20
Adjustment for :		
Interest received	(35.98)	(49.37)
Operating loss before change in operating assets and liabilities	(16.16)	(18.17)
Adjustments for:		
Other non-current assets	-	942.82
Trade payables	-	(767.81)
Cash generated from (used in) operations	(16.16)	156.84
Direct taxes net of refund	7.85	-
Net cash flow from operating activities	A (24.01)	156.84
B. Cash flow from investing activities		
Redemption of (Investment in) bank deposits (net)	(491.61)	(196.24)
Interest received	35.98	49.37
Net cash flow from (used in) investing activities	B (455.63)	(146.87)
C. Cash flow from financing activities		
Proceeds from issue of share capital	500.00	-
Net cash flow from financing activities	C 500.00	-
Net change in cash and cash equivalents	A+B+C 20.36	9.97
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year	20.18	10.21
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year (refer Note 3)	40.54	20.18

The accompanying Notes 1-12 form an integral part of the Financial Statements.

As per our attached report of even date

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

For Bhadresh K. Mehta & Co.

Firm Registration Number: 0145205W

Chartered Accountants

Director

Bhadresh K Mehta

Proprietor

Membership No. 039858

Director

Atul

April 08, 2025

Atul

April 08, 2025

Atul Polymers Products Ltd

Statement of changes in equity for the year ended on March 31, 2025

A. Equity share capital

(₹ 000)		
	Notes	Amount
As at April 01, 2023		500.00
Changes in equity share capital		-
As at March 31, 2024		500.00
Changes in equity share capital		500.00
As at March 31, 2025	6	1,000.00

B. Other equity

(₹ 000)		
	Notes	Reserves and surplus Retained earnings
As at April 01, 2023		(293.27)
Profit for the year		31.21
Total comprehensive income for the year		31.21
As at March 31, 2024		(262.06)
Profit for the year		6.98
Total comprehensive income for the year		6.98
As at March 31, 2025		(255.08)
The accompanying Notes 1-12 form an integral part of the Financial Statements.		

As per our attached report of even date
For Bhadresh K. Mehta & Co.
Firm Registration Number: 0145205W
Chartered Accountants

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

Director

Bhadresh K Mehta
Proprietor
Membership No. 039858

Director

Atul
April 08, 2025

Atul
April 08, 2025

Atul Polymers Products Ltd

Notes to the Financial Statements

Background

Atul Polymers Products Ltd (formerly known as Atul Elkay Polymers Ltd) (the 'Company') is a limited company incorporated and domiciled in India. It is a subsidiary company of Atul Ltd (Holding company). The Company is mainly engaged in Trading business of stone care chemical products. The registered office of the Company is located at E-7, Atul East, Atul - 396020, Valsad, Gujarat.

Note 1 Material accounting policies

This Note provides a list of the significant accounting policies adopted by the Company in preparation of these Standalone Financial Statements. These policies have been consistently applied to all the years presented, unless otherwise stated.

a) Statement of compliance

The Standalone Financial Statements comply in all material respects with Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS) notified under Section 133 of the Companies Act, 2013 (the Act) read with Rule 3 of the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015 and other relevant provisions of the Act, as amended.

b) Basis of preparation

i) Historical cost convention:

The Financial Statements have been prepared on a historical cost basis except for the following:

- a) Certain financial assets and liabilities (including derivative instruments): measured at fair value
- b) Defined benefit plans: plan assets measured at fair value
- c) Biological assets: measured at fair value less cost to sell

ii) The Standalone Financial Statements have been prepared on accrual and going concern basis.

iii) The accounting policies are applied consistently to all the periods presented in the Financial Statements. All assets and liabilities have been classified as current or non-current as per the normal operating cycle of the Company and other criteria as set out in the Division II of Schedule III to the Companies Act, 2013. Based on the nature of products and the time between acquisition of assets for processing and their realisation in cash and cash equivalents, the Company has ascertained its operating cycle as 12 months for the purpose of current or non-current classification of assets and liabilities.

d) Inventories

Inventories (other than harvested product of biological assets) are stated at cost or net realisable value, whichever is lower. Cost is determined on periodic moving weighted average basis.

Net realisable value represents the estimated selling price for inventories less all estimated costs of completion and costs necessary to effect the sale.

Cost comprises all costs of purchase, costs of conversion and other costs incurred in bringing the inventory to the present location and condition. Cost includes the reclassification from equity of any gains or losses on qualifying cash flow hedges relating to purchases of raw material but excludes borrowing costs.

Due allowances are made for slow | non-moving, defective and obsolete inventories based on estimates made by the Company.

Items such as spare parts, stand-by equipment and servicing equipment that are not plant and machinery get classified as inventory.

d) Investments and other financial assets

Classification and measurement:

The Company classifies its financial assets in the following measurement categories:

- i) those to be measured subsequently at fair value (either through other comprehensive income, or through profit or loss)
- ii) those measured at amortised cost
- iii) those measured at carrying cost for equity instruments of subsidiary companies and joint venture company

The classification depends on business model of the Company for managing financial assets and the contractual terms of the cash flows.

For assets measured at fair value, gains and losses will either be recorded in profit or loss or other comprehensive income. For investments in debt instruments, this will depend on the business model in which the investment is held. For investments in equity instruments, this will depend on whether the Company has made an irrevocable election at the time of initial recognition to account for the equity investments at fair value through other comprehensive income.

Note 1 Material accounting policies(continued)

e) Income Tax

Income tax expense comprises current tax and deferred tax. Current tax is the tax payable on the taxable income of the current period based on the applicable income tax rates. Deferred income tax is recognised using the balance sheet approach. Deferred income tax assets and liabilities are recognised for deductible and taxable temporary differences arising between the tax base of assets and liabilities and their carrying amount.

The current income tax charge is calculated on the basis of the tax laws enacted or substantively enacted at the end of the reporting period. The Management periodically evaluates positions taken in tax returns with respect to situations in which applicable tax regulation is subject to interpretation. It establishes provisions where appropriate, on the basis of amounts expected to be paid to the tax authorities.

Deferred income tax is provided in full, on temporary differences arising between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts. However, deferred tax liabilities are not recognised if they arise from the initial recognition of goodwill. Deferred income tax is also not accounted for if it arises from initial recognition of an asset or liability in a transaction other than a business combination that at the time of the transaction affects neither accounting profit nor taxable profit | (tax loss). Deferred income tax is determined using tax rates (and laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the Standalone Balance Sheet date and are expected to apply when the related deferred income tax asset is realised or the deferred income tax liability is settled.

The Company considers reversals of deferred income tax liabilities, projected future taxable income and tax planning strategies in making the assessment of deferred tax liabilities and realisability of deferred tax assets. Based on the level of historical taxable income and projections for future taxable income over the periods in which the deferred income tax assets are deductible, the Management believes that the Company will realise the benefits of those deductible differences.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset when there is a legally enforceable right to offset current tax assets and liabilities and when the deferred tax balances relate to the same taxation authority. Current tax assets and tax liabilities are offset where the Company has a legally enforceable right to offset and intends either to settle on a net basis, or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

Current and deferred tax is recognised in profit or loss, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity. In this case, the tax is also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity respectively.

The Company considered whether it has any uncertain tax positions based on past experience pertaining to income taxes, including those related to transfer pricing as per Appendix C to Ind AS 12. The Company has determined its tax position based on tax compliance and present judicial pronouncements and accordingly expects that its tax treatments will be accepted by the taxation authorities.

The Company determines whether to consider each uncertain tax treatment separately or together with one or more other uncertain tax treatments and uses the approach that better predicts the resolution of the uncertainty. The Company applies significant judgement in identifying uncertainties over income tax treatments.

f) Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include cash in hand, demand deposits with bank and other short-term (three months or less from the date of acquisition), highly liquid investments that are readily convertible into cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value.

g) Trade receivables

Trade receivables are recognised when the right to consideration becomes unconditional. These assets are held at amortised cost, using the effective interest rate (EIR) method where applicable, less provision for impairment based on expected credit loss. Trade receivables overdue more than 180 days are considered in which there is significant increase in credit risk.

Note 1 Material accounting policies(continued)

h) Trade and other payables

These amounts represent liabilities for goods and services provided to the Company prior to the end of financial year which are unpaid. Trade and other payables are presented as current liabilities unless payment is not due within 12 months from the reporting date. They are recognised initially at their fair value and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the EIR method.

i) Earnings per share:

Earnings per share (EPS) is calculated by dividing the net profit or loss for the period attributable to Equity Shareholders by the weighted average number of Equity shares outstanding during the period.

For the purpose of calculating diluted EPS, the net profit for the period attributable to equity shareholders and the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the period are adjusted for the effects of all dilutive potential equity shares.

j) Revenue recognition:

Revenue are recognised as under -

i) Sale of Services:

Service income is recognised, net of service tax, when the related services are rendered.

ii) Other revenue:

i) Dividend income is accounted for in the year in which the right to receive the same is established.

ii) Interest income is recognised on a time proportion basis taking into account the amount outstanding and the rate applicable.

k) Provisions and contingent liabilities

Provisions are recognised when the Company has a present legal or constructive obligation as a result of past events, it is probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation and the amount can be reliably estimated. These are reviewed at each year end and reflect the best current estimate. Provisions are not recognised for future operating losses.

Where there are a number of similar obligations, the likelihood that an outflow will be required in settlement is determined by considering the class of obligations as a whole. A provision is recognised even if the likelihood of an outflow with respect to any one item included in the same class of obligations may be small.

Provisions are measured at the present value of best estimate of the expenditure required to settle the present obligation at the end of the reporting period. The discount rate used to determine the present value is a pre-tax rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the liability. The increase in the provision due to the passage of time is recognised as interest expense.

Contingent liabilities are disclosed when there is a possible obligation arising from past events, the existence of which will be confirmed only by the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more uncertain future events not wholly within the control of the Company or a present obligation that arises from past events where it is either not probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation or a reliable estimate of the amount cannot be made.

l) Ordinary shares

Ordinary shares are classified as equity share capital. Incremental costs directly attributable to the issuance of ordinary shares, share options and buy-back are recognised as a deduction from equity, net of any tax effects.

m) Critical estimates and judgments:

Preparation of the Standalone Financial Statements require use of accounting estimates, judgements and assumptions, which by definition, will seldom equal the actual results. Appropriate changes in estimates are made as the Management becomes aware of changes in circumstances surrounding the estimates. Changes in estimates are reflected in the Standalone Financial Statements in the period in which changes are made and, if material, their effects are disclosed in the notes to the Standalone Financial Statements. This Note provides an overview of the areas that involve a higher degree of judgements or complexity and of items that are more likely to be materially adjusted due to estimates and assumptions turning out to be different than those originally assessed. Detailed information about each of these estimates and judgements is included in relevant notes together with information about the basis of calculation for each affected line item in the Standalone Financial Statements.

The areas involving critical estimates or judgments are:

- i) Estimation for income tax: Note 1
- ii) Estimation of useful life of tangible assets: Note 1
- iii) Estimation of provision for inventories: Note 1
- iv) Allowance for credit losses on trade receivables: Note 1
- v) Estimation of claims | liabilities: Note 1
- vi) Estimation of defined benefit obligations: Note 1
- vii) Fair value measurements:
- viii) Impairment: Note 1

Notes to the Financial Statements

(₹ 000)

Note 2 Trade receivables		As at March 31, 2025	As at March 31, 2024
a)	Unsecured, considered good		
	Trade receivables	531.73	531.73
	Total receivables	531.73	531.73

Trade receivables ageing: (₹ 000)

No.	Particulars	As at March 31, 2025						
		Not Due	Less than 6 months	6 months-1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	Total
1	Undisputed trade receivables: considered good	-	-	-	-	-	531.73	531.73
		-	-	-	-	-	531.73	531.73

Trade receivables ageing: (₹ 000)

No.	Particulars	As at March 31, 2024						
		Not Due	Less than 6 months	6 months-1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	Total
1	Undisputed trade receivables: considered good	-	-	-	-	-	531.73	531.73
		-	-	-	-	-	531.73	531.73

(₹ 000)

Note 3 Cash and cash equivalents		As at March 31, 2025	As at March 31, 2024
a)	Balances with banks		
	In current accounts	40.54	20.18
		40.54	20.18

There are no repatriations restrictions with regard to cash and cash equivalents.

(₹ 000)

Note 4 Bank balances other than cash and cash equivalents above		As at March 31, 2025		As at March 31, 2024	
		Non current	Current	Non current	Current
a)	Short-term bank deposit with maturity between 3 to 12 months'	-	739.76	-	248.15
		-	739.76	-	248.15

(₹ 000)

Note 5 Other financial assets		As at March 31, 2025		As at March 31, 2024	
		Non current	Current	Non current	Current
a)	Advances recoverable in cash	-	12.61	-	12.61
		-	12.61	-	12.61

Notes to the Financial Statements

Note 6 Equity share capital	As at March 31, 2025		As at March 31, 2024	
	Number of shares	Amount ('₹000)	Number of shares	Amount ('₹000)
Authorised				
Equity shares of ` 10 each	1,00,000	1,000	1,00,000	1,000
		1,000		1,000
Issued				
Equity shares of ` 10 each	1,00,000	1,000	50,000	500
		1,000		500
Subscribed & Paid-up				
Equity shares of ` 10 each	1,00,000	1,000	50,000	500
		1,000		500

a) Movement in equity share capital

(₹ 000)

	Number of shares	Equity share capital
As at April 01, 2023	50000	500
As at March 31, 2024	50000	500
Add: shares issued during the year	50000	500
As at March 31, 2025	100000	1,000

The Company has one class of shares referred to as Equity shares having a par value of ₹ 10.

b) Shareholding of promoters :

No	Name of the Shareholder	As at March 31, 2025			As at March 31, 2024		
		Number of shares	% of total shares	% Change during the year	Number of shares	% of total shares	% Change during the year
1	Atul Infotech Private Ltd	25000	25.00%	0.00%	25000	50.00%	0.00%
2	Atul Consumer Products Ltd	25000	25.00%	0.00%	25000	50.00%	0.00%
3	Atul Biospace Ltd	50000	50.00%	100.00%			-

(₹ 000)

Note 7 Other equity		As at March 31, 2025	As at March 31, 2024
a)	Retained earnings		
	i) Balance as at the beginning of the year	(262.06)	(293.27)
	Add: Profit for the year	6.98	31.21
	Balance as at the end of the year	(255.08)	(262.06)
		(255.08)	(262.06)

(₹ 000)

Note 8 Other financial liabilities		As at March 31, 2025		As at March 31, 2024	
		Non current	Current	Non current	Current
a)	Security deposits	30.00	-	30.00	-
		30.00	-	30.00	-

Notes to the Financial Statements

(₹ 000)

Note 9 Trade payables		As at March 31, 2025	As at March 31, 2024
a)	Total outstanding dues of creditors other than micro - enterprises and small enterprises		
i)	Others	544.73	544.73
		544.73	544.73

Trade payables ageing:

(₹ 000)

No.	Particulars	As at March 31, 2025					
		Not Due	Less than 1 Year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	Total
1	Undisputed trade receivables: considered good	2.50	-	-	-	542.23	544.73
		2.50	-	-	-	542.23	544.73

Trade payables ageing:

(₹ 000)

No.	Particulars	As at March 31, 2024					
		Not Due	Less than 1 Year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	Total
1	Undisputed trade receivables: considered good	2.50	-	-	-	542.23	544.73
		2.50	-	-	-	542.23	544.73

(₹ 000)

Note 10 Other income	2024-25	2023-24
Interest from others	35.98	49.367
	35.98	49.37

(₹ 000)

Note 11 Other expenses	2024-25	2023-24
Payments to the Statutory Auditors		
a) Audit fees	2.50	2.50
b) Other matters	1.75	1.75
Miscellaneous expenses	11.91	13.91
	16.16	18.16

Statement of changes in equity for the year ended March 31, 2025

Note 12 : Related party disclosures

Note 12.1 (A) Related party information

Name of the related party and nature of relationship :

Sr No.	Name	Description of relationship
01.	Atul Ltd	Ultimate holding company
02.	Aaranyak Urmi Ltd	
03.	Aasthan Dates Ltd	
04.	Amal Ltd	
05.	Amal Speciality Chemicals Ltd	
06.	Atul (Retail) Brands Ltd	
07.	Atul Aarogya Ltd	
08.	Atul Adhesives Private Ltd	
09.	Atul Ayurveda Ltd	
10.	Atul Bioscience Ltd	
11.	Atul Biospace Ltd	
12.	Atul Brasil Quimicos Ltda	
13.	Atul China Ltd	
14.	Atul Clean Energy Ltd	
15.	Atul Consumer Products Ltd	
16.	Atul Crop Care Ltd	
17.	Atul Deutschland GmbH	
18.	Atul Entertainment Ltd	
19.	Atul Europe Ltd	
20.	Atul Fin Resources Ltd	
21.	Atul Finserv Ltd	Subsidiary companies of ultimate holding company
22.	Atul Healthcare Ltd	
23.	Atul Hospitality Ltd	
24.	Atul Infotech Pvt Ltd	
25.	Atul Ireland Ltd	
26.	Atul Lifescience Ltd	
27.	Atul Middle East FZ-LLC	
28.	Atul Natural Dyes Ltd	
29.	Atul Natural Foods Ltd	
30.	Atul Nivesh Ltd	
31.	Atul Paints Ltd	
32.	Atul Products Ltd	
33.	Atul Rajasthan Date Palms Ltd	
34.	Atul Renewable Energy Ltd	
35.	Atul Seeds Ltd	
36.	Atul USA INC	
37.	Biyaban Agri Ltd	
38.	DPD Ltd	
39.	Jayati Infrastructure Ltd	
40.	Osia Dairy Ltd	
41.	Osia Infrastructure Ltd	
42.	Raja Dates Ltd	
43.	Sehat Foods Ltd	
44.	Valsad Institute of Medical Sciences Ltd	Associate company of ultimate holding company
45.	Rudolf Atul Chemicals Ltd	Joint venture company of ultimate holding company
46.	Anaven LLP	Joint operation of subsidiary company of ultimate holding company

Note 12.1 (B) Transactions with ultimate holding company

(₹ 000)

	Particular	2024-25	2023-24
1	Service charges paid		
	Brand usage paid		
	Atul Ltd	0.50	0.50

Note 12.1 (C) Transactions with subsidiary companies of ultimate holding company

(₹ 000)

	Particular	2024-25	2023-24
1	Investment		
	Issuance of equity shares		
	Atul Biospace Ltd	500	-

Note 12.2 : Earning per share

Earning per share (EPS) - The numerators and denominators used to calculate basic and diluted EPS:

Particulars		2024-25	2023-24
Profit for the year attributable to the equity shareholders	₹ 000	6.98	31.21
Weighted average number of equity shares used in calculating basic diluted EPS	Number	1,00,000	50000
Nominal value of equity share	₹	10	10
Basic and diluted earning per equity share	₹	0.07	0.62

Note 12.3 Other statutory information (required by schedule III to the Companies Act, 2013)

- a) The Company has not entered into any such transaction which is not recorded in the books of accounts that has been surrendered or disclosed as income during the year in the tax assessments under the Income-tax Act, 1961.
- b) The Company has complied with the number of layers prescribed under clause (87) of Section 2 of the Act read with Companies (Restriction on number of Layers) Rules, 2017.
- c) The Company is not declared wilful defaulter by any bank or financial institution or other lender.
- d) The Company has not traded or invested in crypto currency or virtual currency during the financial year.
- e) The Company has not revalued its property, plant and equipment (including right-of-use assets) or intangible assets or both during the year.
- f) No proceedings have been initiated or are pending against the Company for holding any benami property under the Benami Transactions (Prohibition) Act, 1988 (45 of 1988) and Rules made there under.
- g) No loans or advances in the nature of loans are granted to promoters, Directors, Key Managerial Personnel and the related parties (as defined under Companies Act, 2013) either severally or jointly with any other person.
- h) The Company does not have any charges or satisfaction of charges which is yet to be registered with Registrar of Companies beyond the statutory period.
- i) Information with regards to other matters in the Companies Act are either Nil or Not applicable to the Company.

Note 12.4 Rounding off

Figure less than ₹ 500 have been shown as '0.00' in the relevant notes in these Financial Statement.

Note 12.5 Authorisation for issue of the Financial Statements

The Financial Statements were authorised for issue by the Board of Directors on April 08, 2025.

As per our attached report of even date

For Bhadresh K. Mehta & Co.

Firm Registration Number: 0145205W

Chartered Accountants

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

Director

Bhadresh K Mehta

Proprietor

Membership No. 039858

Director

Atul

April 08, 2025

Atul

April 08, 2025